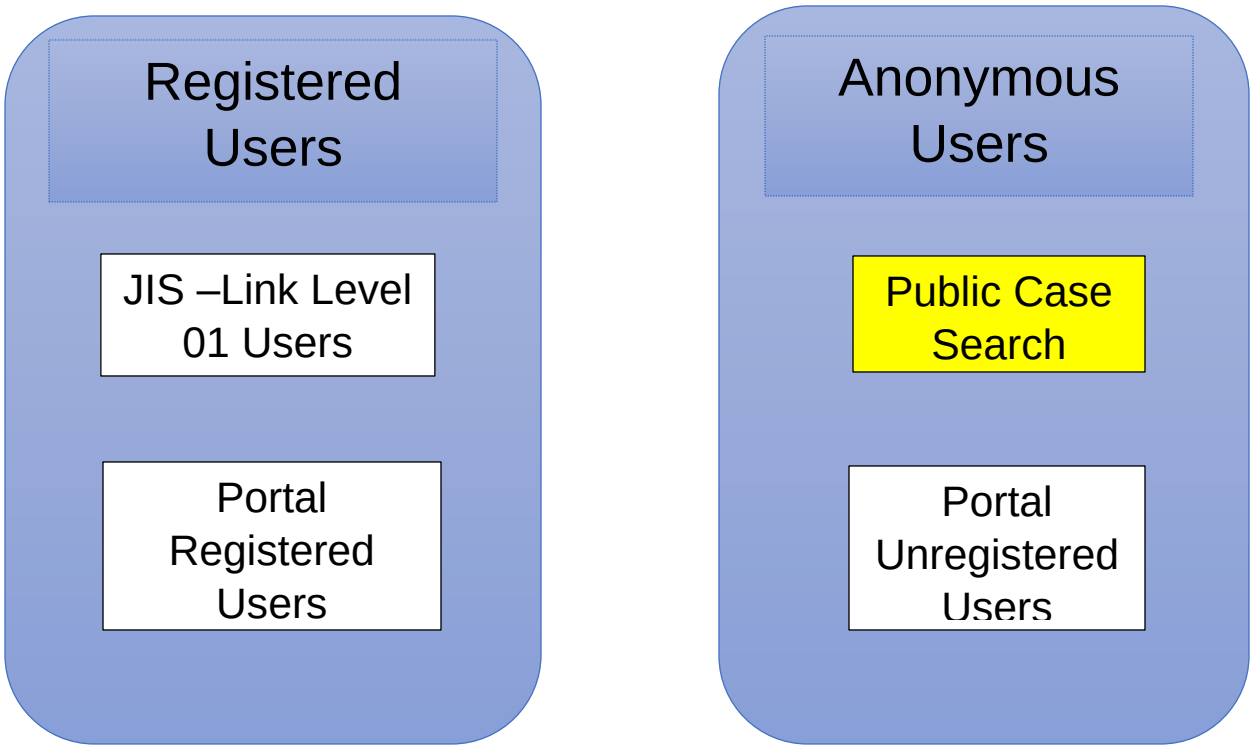
AOC Public Access – Judgments



AOC's Public Case Search Requirements

1. Open Judgments

- All open judgments will be available.
- The search will query open case type 9's regardless of the status of the originating case.
- The Judgment Record List will display the following elements;
  - Judgment Record Number
  - Participant Name
  - File Date
  - Participant Type
  - Cause Code
- The Judgment Record List will not reference the originating case.

Superior Court Judgment Records List

Directions: Below are cases associated with your search criteria. If the case was filed in Superior or Appellate Court, there may be docket information available. Docket information is not available for Municipal & District Court Cases.

To get directions or information about a Court in this list, view the **Washington Court Directory.**

There are 4 public non-sealed records that match your search criteria.

	Judgment Records	Name	File Date	Participant	Cause
1	18-9-18818-6	Cg Pebble Cove Llc	08-23-18	CREDITOR	General Recovery
2	18-9-18818-6	Orlob, Brett	08-23-18	DEBTOR	General Recovery
3	18-9-18818-6	Smith, Adam C	08-23-18	DEBTOR	General Recovery
4	18-9-18818-6	Tc Pebble Cove Llc	08-23-18	CREDITOR	General Recovery

- The Superior Court Case Summary Page will display the following case elements
  - Court
  - Case number
  - Sub Number
  - Docket Date
  - Docket Code
  - Docket Description

Superior Court Case Summary

Court: King Co Superior Ct
Case Number: 18-9-18818-6

Sub	Docket Date	Docket Code	Docket Description	Misc Info
	08-23-2018	JUDGMT& ORD FOR WRIT OF RESTITUTION	Judgmt& Ord For Writ Of Restitution Atty Fees Against Defts, Adam C Smith & Brett Orlob & In Favor Of Pltfs, Tc Pebble Cove Llc & Cg Pebble Cove Llc Plus $58.60 Per Day After 08-31-18 Costs Int @ 12% Per A	

2. **Sealed Judgment**
    - If the Judgment (Case Type 9) is sealed no records will return.

Background

July 2013: The DDC approved an amendment to the Data Dissemination Policy on Juvenile Court records, Section V. LIMITATION ON DISSEMINATION OF JUVENILE OFFENDER COURT RECORDS. Once this section was adopted, Juvenile records were removed from AOC's Public Case Search website and this included Judgments that had accrued from Juvenile cases.

2015-2016: The DDC approved removing Superior Courts from the Public Case Search website as they on boarded with Odyssey. At the time the push was to have customers use Portal (Odysseys Case Management Viewer) to access case records for the superior courts. As Superior Courts completed their Go-Lives their case records were removed from AOC's Public Case Search website.

Issue

Portal (Odysseys Case Management Viewer) does not currently have the ability to provide a Judgment Search on case records in Odyssey, this is a deliverable from the SC-CMS project. However, this option is not yet available in Odyssey Portal as Tyler continues to work on its production. AOC recognizes the need to display Superior Court Judgments is significant and needs to be addressed. The Public Case Search that previously displayed Superior Court case information is a viable option to meet this need. There are two items the DDC needs to consider before AOC can utilize the Public Judgment Case Search website:

1. As the DDC Policy is written, AOC's publicly-accessible websites do not display Juvenile Records. This has caused an issue with displaying Judgments associated with Juvenile Cases. AOC needs clarification regarding how the DDC wants to move forward on Judgments derived from Juvenile Cases.
2. The case records for the Odyssey Superior Courts are not available via AOC's Public Case Search website. Currently, the users who are seeking case information from an Odyssey court are simply directed to the Odyssey Portal.

AOC is asking the DDC to approve the display of judgments on the Public Case Search website from those courts that use the Odyssey case management system.

Recommendation

For AOC to assist the Superior Courts to comply with RCW 4.64.060 and RCW 13.40.192 (1), AOC recommends utilizing the Public Judgment Case Search website. to remedy these issues.[1] In order for this to be accomplished the DDC needs to:

1. Clarify language in the Data Dissemination Policy related to juvenile offender cases. Specifically, clarifying whether Judgments from Juvenile originating cases are an exception to Section V. of the Data Dissemination Policy?
2. Allow Public Judgment Case search to display judgments from the Odyssey Case Management System.
3. Approve proposed requirements for the Public Judgment Search.

Data Dissemination Policy

[1] Judgments that are specifically sealed by a court would not be publicly accessible on this website.

*V. LIMITATION ON DISSEMINATION OF JUVENILE OFFENDER COURT RECORDS**

The dissemination of juvenile offender court records maintained in the Judicial Information System shall be limited as follows:

A. Juvenile offender court records shall be excluded from any bulk distribution of JIS records by the AOC otherwise authorized by GR 31(g), except for research purposes as permitted by statute or court rule.

B. The AOC shall not display any information from an official juvenile offender court record on a publicly-accessible website that is a statewide index of court cases.

** Juvenile offender court records shall remain publicly accessible on the JIS Link notwithstanding any provision of this section. (Section added September 6, 2013.)*

RCW 13.40.192

Legal financial obligations—Enforceability—Treatment of obligations upon age of eighteen or conclusion of juvenile court jurisdiction—Extension of judgment—Petition for modification or relief.

(1) If a juvenile is ordered to pay legal financial obligations, including fines, penalty assessments, attorneys' fees, court costs, and restitution, the money judgment remains enforceable for a period of ten years. When the juvenile reaches the age of eighteen years or at the conclusion of juvenile court jurisdiction, whichever occurs later, the superior court clerk must docket the remaining balance of the juvenile's legal financial obligations in the same manner as other judgments for the payment of money. The judgment remains valid and enforceable until ten years from the date of its imposition. The clerk of the superior court may seek extension of the judgment for legal financial obligations, including crime victims' assessments, in the same manner as RCW 6.17.020 for purposes of collection as allowed under RCW 36.18.190.

RCW 4.64.060

Execution docket—Index of record.

Every county clerk shall keep in the clerk's office a record, to be called the execution docket, which shall be a public record and open during the usual business hours to all persons desirous of inspecting it. The record must be indexed both directly and inversely, and include all judgments, abstracts, and transcripts of judgments in the clerk's office. The index must refer to each party against whom the judgment is rendered or whose property is affected by the judgment.